













# THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

## FRUIT TREES.

The following respecting fruit trees will be found interesting:

1. When fruit trees occupy the ground, nothing else should, except very short grass.
2. Fruitfulness and growth of trees cannot be expected the same year.
3. There is no plum that the curculio will not take, though many kinds may sometimes escape for a year or so in one place.
4. Peach borers will not do as much damage when stiff clay is heaped all around the tree a foot high.
5. Pear blight still puzzles the greatest men. The best remedy known is to plant two for every one that dies.
6. If you don't know how to prune, do not hire a man from the other side of the sea, who knows less than you.
7. Don't cut off a big lower limb unless you are a renter, and don't care what becomes of the tree when your time is out.
8. A tree with limbs coming out near the ground is worth three trees trimmed up five feet.
9. Trim down, not up.
10. Shorten in, not lengthen up.
11. If you had your arm cut off, you would feel it to your heart; a tree cannot feel, but rots to the heart.
12. When anybody tells you of a gardener that understands all about horticulture and agriculture, and he can be hired, don't believe a word of it. Such a man can make more than you can afford to give him; and if he has sense enough to understand the business, he will have sense enough to know this.

## CHURN MORE MILK OR SKIM DEEPER.

A correspondent of the Mark Lane Express says:

"From observation, I believe too many butter-makers do not skim as deep or churn as much milk as they ought. I hear them say that they do not like to get so much milk, or so much cream, in with the cream. It is a common practice for most butter-makers to have a skimmer that is perforated with holes, that the milk may pass through into the pan from which the milk is being taken. If any one has a better reason for not skimming deeper, I shall be pleased to hear it, and herewith give my reason why I think we ought to skim deeper and churn more milk with the cream."

First, there are but few dairy-houses so remote from the noise of the kitchen as still-pail or barrels, or some decaying vegetable matter, as to keep the cream from absorbing odors that injure the flavor of the butter; and the cream must first receive, or have these odors pass through it, before they can reach the milk, as it is most exposed. The milk, therefore, must be pure, and, if churned with the cream, will be in taking up to the cream from the butter. By churning only the cream, the dash of the churn must, as we think, injure the butter-globules and make the butter salty, as the friction is more directly applied to them than would be the case if milk was mixed with the cream.

There are times when the milk sours before all the cream is up; yet the milk must be nearly, if not quite, as good, from the same cow that is being fed the same feed, in a warm morning. But we often get twice the amount of cream in the cool days that we do in the warm days, and the quality is better. Take for instance the 24th of August, a hot, sultry day, the cream hardly paid for the labor. Now, take the 26th of the same month, 1893, a cool, cool day, that gave a nice yield of cream. It is to be supposed that there is that difference in the milk produced from the same cow on those days, when the cows were fed in the same pasture, that there was in the amount of butter made from their milk by skimming the cream only. I have thought that when the milk is brought in a heated condition, and placed in a warm room, that perhaps many of the butter-globules were exploded by the heat, and that they mingled with the milk like alcohol with water, but to churn all the milk would be to get more butter.

## Bed Bug Exterminator.

A lady who moved into a house swarming with bed bugs, after cleansing the house, tells us she exterminated the bugs from her bedsteads:

"I took a teaspoonful of quicksilver, costing ten or fifteen cents, which I beat up with the whites of two eggs, just as I would make frosting for cake, or till the quicksilver is thoroughly mixed with the egg. This I applied with a feather to every crack and crevice where a bed bug could hide, after washing the bedsteads in cold water. This I repeated three or four times during the second summer. The result is, I have not seen a bug for two years. As the bugs will not stay where the quicksilver is applied faithfully, it is necessary to overhaul the bedding frequently to capture stragglers who are seeking a more beautiful abode."

A SIMPLE REMEDY FOR CANCER.—Col. Ussery, of De Soto, La., says that he fully tested a remedy for this troublesome disease, recommended to him by a Spanish woman, a native of the country. The remedy is this:

Take an egg and break it, pour out the white, retaining the yolk by the shell, put in salt and mix with the yolk as long as will receive it; stir the mixture together until a salve is formed; put a portion of this on a piece of sticking plaster, and apply to the cancer about twice a day. He tried the remedy twice in his own family with entire success. Such a remedy is within the reach of every one, and should be known to the world.

TO REVIVE FADDED BLACK CLOTHES.—Boil three ounces of logwood in a quart of vinegar, and when the color is extracted, drop in a piece of carbonate iron, the size of a large chestnut; let it boil five minutes. Have the articles to be restored well sponged with soap and hot water, laying them on the table, and brush the nap down with a sponge. Then take the dye up to the table and sponge them all over with it, taking care to keep them smooth, and brush downward.

When completely wet with the dye, dissolve a teaspoonful of salaratus in a teacup of warm water and sponge over again with this, which sets the color so completely that nothing rubs off. They must not be wrung or wrinkled, but carefully hung up to drain. The brownest cloth may be made a perfect black in this simple manner. So many people have faded garments that this recipe may be of service in restoring them to a lively color.

NEW REMEDIES FOR BURNS.—Two new remedies for burns are added to the list. The first is charcoal. A piece of vegetable charcoal laid on a burn at once soothes the pain, says the *Gazette Medicale*, and it kept applied for an hour cures it completely. The second one is sulphate of iron. This was tried by M. Joel, in the Children's Hospital, Lausanne. In this case a child, four years of age, had been extensively burned, suppuration was abundant and so offensive that they ordered the child a tepid bath, containing a couple of pinches of sulphate of iron. This gave immediate relief to the pain, and being repeated twice a day—twenty minutes each bath—the suppuration decreased, lost its odor, and the child was soon convalescent.—*Medical Press and Circular*.

FLAVOR AND COLOR OF EGGS.—There is a vast difference in the flavor of eggs. Hens fed on clean, sound grain, and kept on a clean grass run, give much finer flavored eggs than hens do that have access to stables and manure heaps and eat all kinds of filthy food. Hens feeding on fish or onions flavor their eggs accordingly—the same as cows eating onions, or cabbage, or drinking offensive water, impart a bad taste to the milk and butter. The richer the food the higher the color of the eggs. Wheat and corn give the best color, while feeding on buckwheat makes the eggs colorless, rendering them unfit for some confectionary purposes.—*Country Gentleman*.

The blood of a healthy, full grown, average man weighs twenty pounds.

How to Know When Timothy Seed Are Good.—Will old timothy seed grow? This question is often asked, and for the benefit of any fellow-farmers I will give them an item worth knowing. Take a piece of paper and pour a thin layer of seed upon it, then set the paper on fire. If the seeds in burning make a snapping noise as though the seeds were bursting, they will grow. But if the paper burns up without any crackling noise, discard the seed as worthless, as the germ is without vitality. Subscribers.

REMEDY FOR A FELON.—Many persons are liable to extreme suffering from felons on the finger. The following prescription is recommended as a cure cure for the distressing ailment: "Take common rock salt, such as is used for salting down pork or beef, dry it in an oven, then pound it fine and mix with spirits of turpentine in equal parts. Put it in a rag and wrap around the part affected, and as it gets dry put on more, and in twenty-four hours you are cured; the felon is dead." It will do no harm to try it.

NEURALGIA.—A correspondent of the *Lancet* says: "A few years ago, when in China, I became acquainted with the fact of the natives, when suffering with neuralgia, using oil of pepper, which they lightly applied to the seat of pain with a camel-hair pencil. Since then, in my own practice, I frequently apply this oil as a local anesthetic, not only in neuralgia, but in gout, with remarkably good result."

ICE CREAM.—One gallon of cream, two pounds of rolled loaf sugar, one teaspoonful of oil of lemon. If for vanilla ice cream, two eggs beaten, and one tablespoonful and a half of tincture of vanilla should be used; mix well and freeze in the usual way. The vanilla or lemon should be well mixed with the sugar before it is added to the cream; by this means the cream will all be flavored alike.

"The Scientific American, in answer to a correspondent, gives the following simple but accurate rule for computing the relative power of flowing streams: 'The motive powers of streams, flowing equal volumes of water, will be directly at their falls. If a stream through which a given volume, at a given point, flows ten feet, produce at that point one hundred horse power, the same volume falling at another point twenty feet would yield two hundred horse power. The horse power of any body of falling water is the weight in pounds which falls per minute multiplied into the distance in feet through which it falls, and the product divided by 33,000.'

Don't keep in a constant fret about things that may be annoying, or worry about things you cannot help. Troubles are not lightened by fretting. The true remedy is to keep cool and try to master difficulties, and not let them master you.

Profanity never did any man the least good. No man is the richer, or happier, or wiser for it. It commands us one to any society. It is disgusting to the refined; abominable to the good; insulting to those with whom we associate; degrading to the mind; unprofitable, needless, and injurious to society.

## DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.  
Governor—PRESTON H. LESLIE.  
Secretary of State—SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL.  
Assistant Secretary of State—W. T. SAMUELS.  
Attorney General—JOHN RODMAN.  
Auditor—D. HOWARD SMITH.  
Treasurer—JAMES W. TATE.  
Register—JOHN A. DAWSON.  
Superintendent Public Instruction—Z. F. SAMPSON.

ADJUTANT GENERAL—J. STODOLAR JOHNSON.  
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL—FAYETTE HEWITT.  
LIBRARIAN—GEORGE B. CHITTENDEN.  
KEEPER OF PENITENTIARY—J. W. SCOTT.  
PUBLIC PRINTER—S. I. M. MAJOR.  
PUBLIC BINDER—JOHN MARTIN, JR.

COURT OF APPEALS.  
Chief Justice—GEORGE ROBERTSON.  
Associate Judges—M. R. HARRIS, B. J. PETERS, and W. L. LINDSEY.  
Reporter—W. P. D. BUSH.  
Clerk—ALVIN DUBALL.

CITY DIRECTORY.  
Mayor—E. H. TAYLOR, JR.  
Police Judge—JOHN B. MAJOR.  
Clerk—S. C. SAYRES.  
Attorney—JOHN W. RODMAN.  
Treasurer—J. R. GRAHAM.  
Marshal—H. HYDE.  
Board Common Councilmen—E. H. TAYLOR, JR., A. G. DEANSEA, J. E. DODLEY, B. F. JAMES, A. J. JAMES, W. P. D. BUSH, L. TOBIN, M. H. P. WILLIAMS.  
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L. HALEY, J. G. HATCHETT.

FRANKLIN CIRCUIT COURT.  
Judge—H. W. C. FRYER.  
Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD.  
Clerk—WALTER FRANKLIN.  
Sheriff—JOSEPH ROBINSON.  
Jailer—ROBERT W. LAWLER.  
Assessor—PETER JETT.  
Coroner—J. R. GRAHAM.  
Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Chancery Term—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term—Last Monday in January.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT.  
Presiding Judge—R. A. THOMSON.  
Clerk—JAMES G. CROCKETT.  
County Attorney—J. A. JULIAN.  
Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Franklin County Quarterly Court—Holds its terms on the second Monday in January, April, July, and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS.  
First District. Geo. W. Gwin—Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Dabney Todd—First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. Wm. T. Bacon, Constable.

Second District. H. B. Innis—Fourth Saturday in March, June, September and December. George W. Howe—On Saturday after the First Monday in March, June, September, and December. Jot S. McCoy, Constable.

Third District. William Morris—On First Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. L. L. Sullivan—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flournoy Satterwhite, Constable.

Fourth District—E. O. Hawkins and John W. Jackson—Both on First Monday in March, June, September, and December. John T. Gaines, Constable.

Fifth District. Lawrence Gordon—Fourth Friday in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—on Third Friday in March, June, September, and December. Thomas F. Polsgrove, Constable.

## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. Church, S. Wm—Rev. T. J. Dond, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Class Meeting immediately after morning service.

Sunday School—2½ P. M. Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M. Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9½ A. M. Stewards' meetings—Monday 7 P. M. Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. J. H. NESBITT, D.D., Pastor.

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—2 P. M. Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Eld. T. N. ASHOLD, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M. Author's Church—Rev. L. Yocco.

Sunday services—8 A. M.; 10½ A. M. Divine service every morning at 7. Ascension Church (P. E.)—Rev. Rector. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School—9½ A. M.

Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M. BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D., Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

## GROCERIES, &c.

# NEW FIRM!

A. L. McKEE having purchased the interest of W. H. GRAY, of the firm of

GRAY & WALCUTT,

The firm will be known as

Walcutt & McKee,

Who will conduct the business at the old stand. We invite an inspection of our stock, and pledge ourselves to sell at as

LOW RATES

As they can be bought anywhere in the city. We will always keep on hand a choice and well-selected Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Give us a call.

WALCUTT & MCKEE.

NEW GROCERY

L. W. GLORE,

HAVING bought out John W. Bartlett, has filled up his stock, and now has a large and well-selected assortment of

Family Groceries.

In addition to his Grocery Stock, he will keep a full supply of

Baker's Bread, Confectionaries, Nuts, Fruits

&c. Also Fresh Meats, Fowls, and Vegetables call kind.

M. E. JETT.

New Hardware & Grocery Store

St. Clair Street, near the Bridge.

Has opened, and offers for sale,

LOWEST PRICES.

AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

BUILDER'S HARDWARE,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES, NAILS,

And such articles as are usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS HARDWARE STORE.

Also a full assortment

Family Groceries.

SUGAR.

COFFEE

SPICES,

TEA, &c.

He keeps constantly on hand,

Flour of the Best Brands,

MEAL, BRAN, AND SHIP-STUFFS.

dec-1.

NEW BACON!

WALKER STEPHENS

DESIRES TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF the citizens of Frankfort to the fact that he has an excellent supply of

GOOD BACON

of his own curing, and which he can recommend as a superior article. Those wishing good Bacon can find it at his meat store, 90 St. Clair street, under Commonwealth office.

Blank Books of every kind for sale at Helm Old Sand.

## OFFICIAL.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN TO me that WILLIS DAWSON, about 34 years of age, of the County of Lincoln, is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of Willis Dawson, and his delivery to the jailer of Woodford county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 14th day of March, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: P. H. LESLIE.

S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Dawson is about 25 years of age; light brown hair; light eyes; nose complex; 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; weighs about 160 pounds; occupation "p. stand-trail."

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that FOUNTAIN WEBB stands charged with the murder of Nicholas Webb, on the 6th instant, in Clark county, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of Fountain Webb, and his delivery to the jailer of Clark county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 14th day of February, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: P. H. LESLIE.

SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Webb is 20 years old; 5 feet 7 inches high; light hair; light eyes; weighs about 130 pounds; occupation "p. stand-trail."

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that JOHN STEVENSON is charged with the murder of John Lee, in Ballard county, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN W. STEVENSON, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of John Stevenson, and his delivery to the jailer of Ballard county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 21st day of February, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: JOHN W. STEVENSON.

S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

By W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that HENRY MANN is charged with the murder of John Lewis, in Boyd county, on the 26th January, 1871, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN W. STEVENSON, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of Henry Mann, and his delivery to the jailer of Boyd county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 31st day of January, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: JOHN W. STEVENSON.

SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Mann is about 35 years old; 5 feet 10 inches high; spare built; fair complexion; blue eyes; light hair; and is partially deaf; calm and rather pleasant countenance; about 20 years old.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that JOHN OSCAR SMITH is charged with the murder of Mary Bottoms, in Boyle county, on the 12th of April, 1868, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN W. STEVENSON, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of John Oscar Smith, and his delivery to the jailer of Boyle county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 25th day of January, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: JOHN W. STEVENSON.

S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

By W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that W. D. OSBORN is charged with the murder of Geo. W. Price, in Pulaski county, on the 24th December, 1870, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN W. STEVENSON, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said W. D. Osborn, and his delivery to the jailer of Pulaski county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 17th day of January, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: JOHN W. STEVENSON.

SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

By W. T. SAMUELS, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

## TRAVEL.

REGULAR LOUISVILLE

KENTUCKY RIVER PACKET.

THE FINE PASSENGER

Seamer Blue Wing No. 3.

SAM. SANDERS, Master.

WILL LEAVE FRANKFORT FOR LOUISVILLE every Tuesday and Friday at 8 A. M.

Will leave Shaker Ferry for Louisville every Monday at 8 A. M.

Returning, will leave Louisville every Wednesday and Saturday at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

GEORGE B. MACKLIN, Agent.

nov5-1f

Kentucky Central R. R.

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE, COVINGTON, KY., Nov. 26th, 1869.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. No. 2. No. 9.

Leave Covington... 7:55 a. m. 1:20 p. m. 4:30 p. m.

Arrive Lexington... 9:45 a. m. 3:15 p. m. 6:30 p. m.

Leave Lexington... 10:55 a. m. 4:25 p. m. 7:40 p. m.

Arrive Paris... 11:40 a. m. 5:10 p. m. 8:25 p. m.

Leave Paris... 12:35 p. m. 6:05 p. m. 9:20 p. m.